Annual Report for Fiscal Year
2005-2006
Commissioners
Jeff Hatch-Miller, Chairman
William A. “Bill” Mundell, Commissioner
Marc Spitzer, Commissioner
Mike Gleason, Commissioner
Kristin Mayes, Commissioner

Executive Director
Brian C. McNeil

Division Directors

Administration
Michael Kearns

Utilities
Ernest Johnson

Corporations
David Raber

Hearing
Lyn Farmer

Securities
Matt Neubert

Legal
Christopher Kempley

Information Technology Division
Clark Lathrum

Main Office
1200 West Washington
Phoenix, AZ 85007

Adjunct Offices
1300 & 1400 West Washington
Phoenix, AZ 85007

Southern Arizona Office
400 West Congress Street
Tucson, AZ 85701

Services:
Commissioners’ Wing
Executive Director
Administration
Legislative Liaison
Public Information
Hearings
Utilities
Legal

Pipeline & Railroad Safety
2200 North Central, Suite 300
Phoenix, AZ 85004

Important Phone Numbers
Commissioners’ Wing ..................................................... 602-542-2237
Consumer Services -- Utilities........................................ 602-542-4251
Consumer Services -- Corporations.............................. 602-542-3026
Consumer Services -- Securities................................ 602-542-4242
Docket Control................................................................. 602-542-3477
Southern Arizona Office................................................. 520-628-6554
Listen Line (live audio of hearings/open meetings) .. 602-542-0222
Toll Free Listen Line (area codes 928 and 520 only)1-800-250-4525

Table of Contents................................. 2
Mission.................................................... 3
About the Commission........................ 3
Commissioners...................................... 4
Executive Director ................................ 5
Administration Division ....................... 8
Legal Division ...................................... 10
Utilities Division .................................. 13
Corporations Division ........................ 20
Securities Division ............................... 22
Hearing Division ................................. 25
Information Technology Division ... 27
Appendix .............................................. 28
Financial Data..................................... 28
Commissioners Since Statehood...... 30
Southern Arizona Office.............. 31
About the Commission

The Arizona Corporation Commission was established in the Arizona Constitution. Only seven states have constitutionally formed Commissions. Arizona is one of only 13 states with elected Commissioners. In the 37 other states, Commissioners are appointed by either the governor or the legislature.

In most states, the Commission is known as the Public Service Commission or the Public Utility Commission. However, in Arizona the Commission oversees the process of incorporating or registering a company to do business in the state, registers and oversees securities offerings and dealers and enforces railroad and pipeline safety.

By virtue of the Arizona Constitution, the Commissioners function in an executive capacity; they adopt rules and regulations thereby functioning in a legislative capacity; and they also act in a judicial capacity sitting as a tribunal and making decisions in contested matters.

The Commission is required by the Arizona Constitution to maintain its chief office in Phoenix and it is required by law to conduct monthly meetings.

Organization

The 2002-03 fiscal year marked the expansion of the Commission from three members to five. Commissioners are elected by the people of Arizona for a four-year term, with two or three members standing for election in the statewide general election. In the case of a vacancy, the Governor appoints a Commissioner to serve until the next general election. In the 2000 General Election, the Arizona Corporation Commission was the subject of a ballot proposition seeking to expand the Commission by two seats. Voters approved Proposition 103, which expands the Commission to a total of five members and changes their terms to four-year terms with the option of serving for two consecutive terms.

Ultimate responsibility for final decisions on granting or denying rate adjustments, enforcing safety and public service requirements, and approving securities matters rests with the Commissioners.

The administrative head of the Commission is the Executive Director who serves at the pleasure of the Commissioners. He is responsible to the Commissioners for the day to day operations of all Divisions.

The Commission staff is organized into seven Divisions. The authority and responsibilities of these divisions is described in detail in this Annual Report. All Divisions are headed by a Division Director who reports to the Executive Director.
Chairman Jeff Hatch-Miller was elected to the Arizona Corporation Commission in 2002 for a two-year term. He was re-elected to a four-year term in 2004. Since his inauguration in January 2003, Hatch-Miller has worked to ensure that Arizona’s electric, natural gas, telecommunications, and water infrastructure needs are met for the 21st century.

Before his election to the Corporation Commission, Hatch-Miller served in the Arizona House of Representatives for two terms, from 1999 to 2003. He represented District 26, which included parts of Phoenix, Scottsdale, Tempe, and Paradise Valley. While in the Legislature, Hatch-Miller chaired the House Energy, Utilities and Technology Committee, sponsoring key legislation on behalf of the Corporation Commission that required Arizona’s electric utilities to demonstrate the future viability and reliability of transmission systems, ensuring that Arizona’s increasing power needs are met. Hatch-Miller also co-chaired the Electric Industry Competition Study Committee, which convened hearings on the status of Arizona’s retail electric markets.

During his first legislative term, Hatch-Miller served on the Transportation Committee, passing legislation that speeded construction of the state’s highways, completing them in half the time originally proposed. He chaired the Joint Legislative Internet Study Committee, investigating issues of electronic privacy, taxation and 21st century communication systems. For his efforts, Hatch-Miller was honored as “Freshman Legislator of the Year 2000” by the National Republican Legislators Association.

From 1990 to 1996, Chairman Hatch-Miller worked for the University of Arizona where he helped rural Arizona towns improve their economic climate, keeping businesses healthy and increasing employment opportunities. For much of his professional career, he specialized in state-of-the-art corporate communications and organizational development.

Chairman Hatch-Miller graduated from the California State University at Stanislaus with a Bachelor of Arts degree and later obtained a Doctor of Education degree from the University of Northern Colorado. Early in his career, he taught at the middle school, high school and college levels.

Chairman Hatch-Miller serves his community as Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Foundation for Senior Living. He is affiliated with the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners and the North American Securities Administrators Association, as well as with Toastmasters International, Scottsdale Leadership, the Arizona Historical Society, Arizona Town Hall.

A native of Modesto, California, Commissioner Hatch-Miller adopted Arizona as his home state in 1976. Though proud of his accomplishments as a public servant, he is most proud of his role as husband and father. He and his wife, Anita, have twin sons, Mark and Robert.
Commissioner William A. Mundell was born at Elmendorf Air Force Base in Anchorage, Alaska. He came to Arizona from Illinois in 1968 with his parents. He graduated from Arizona State University with a Bachelor of Art’s degree in political science in 1974. He earned a Juris Doctor degree from St. Mary’s University in San Antonio, Texas in 1977.

Mundell has been in private practice as an attorney in Chandler, Arizona since 1977, except from 1980 to 1986 when he served as the Presiding Judge of the Chandler Municipal Court. In 1986, he resigned as judge to run for the Arizona House of Representatives.

Mundell was first elected in 1986 and served as a member of the Arizona House of Representatives from 1987 to 1992. As chairman of the House Environment Committee, he sponsored numerous pieces of legislation protecting Arizona’s environment, including the state’s first recycling law. Additional committee assignments included Counties & Municipalities, Natural Resources & Agriculture and Judiciary. During his tenure at the legislature, he was voted “One of Arizona’s Top 10 Legislators.” He was a candidate for the United States Congress in 1992.

Mundell has served as a Judge Pro Tem on the Maricopa County Superior Court. His past civic and community service memberships include vice president of public policy, Chandler Chamber of Commerce; vice president of Arizona Heritage Alliance; president of the Chandler Fraternal Order of Police Associates; chairman, the United Way, the East Valley Partnership; board of directors, Chandler Regional Hospital; the Lions Club; and the Salvation Army Advisory Board.

Governor Jane Hull appointed Mundell to the Arizona Corporation Commission on June 21, 1999, after the Arizona Supreme Court determined that the former commissioner was ineligible to hold office. In the 2000 general election, he was elected to serve out the remaining four years of his term. He became Chairman of the Commission in January 2001 and served in that capacity until January 2003. Mundell was re-elected in 2004 and his term runs through the end 2008.

Mundell presently serves on the Telecommunications and Consumer Affairs Committees of the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners.

Mundell is married to Barbara R. Mundell, and has two children, Meghan and Samantha.
Commissioner Mike Gleason was elected to the Commission in 2002 for a two-year term beginning in January 2003. In 2004, Gleason ran for a full, four-year term and was elected for a term that ends in January 2008. Gleason is a resident of Sun City West in western Maricopa County. Born in Iowa, Gleason graduated from Iowa State College with a Bachelor of Science Degree in Forestry. Later, he obtained a master’s degree in Range Management from Texas A&M University. He also holds a doctorate degree from Iowa State College in Plant Physiology.

Much of Gleason’s career was spent in the agricultural sciences and consulting. He has resided in Mexico and France and has traveled extensively throughout the world during his professional career with such companies as Monsanto, Pacific Oilseeds, Cargill and the Rockefeller Foundation. His job duties have sent him to Peru, Kenya, Bangladesh, Senegal, Zaire, the Ivory Coast, Nigeria and Pakistan.

Gleason represented his West Valley district in the Arizona House of Representatives from 1996 through 2002. There, he served as Chairman of the Agriculture and Natural Resources Committee as well as vice chairman of the Rural and Native American Affairs Committee. He also served on the Economic Development and International Trade, Transportation, Human Services and Rules committees. Focusing on agricultural and water issues, Gleason sponsored legislation to ensure the efficient regulation of irrigation districts, effective management of groundwater and the long-term preservation of Arizona’s allocation of Colorado River Water.

In furtherance of Gleason’s efforts to ensure that Arizona’s communities have dependable, long-term water supplies, the Speaker of the House, Jim Weiers, appointed Gleason to serve as an ex officio member of the Arizona Water Banking Authority.

Gleason served as Precinct Committeeman and District Chairman before seeking elected office. He and his wife Shirley have been married for more than 50 years. Together, they have four children and several grandchildren.

Proposition 103, passed by voters in the 2000 election, expanded the Commission from three to five members and changed the term of office from a single six-year term to four-year terms with the option to run for a second term. The two new seats were phased in with an initial two-year term.
Brian C. McNeil became Executive Director of the Arizona Corporation Commission on May 10, 1999. The Executive Director is responsible for providing overall management of the Commission.

Prior to joining the Commission, he was the Deputy Director for Budget and Policy Development in the Arizona Department of Health Services.

McNeil has also served as Senior Policy Advisor to former Governor Fife Symington, as Director of Operations and Economic Advisor at the Arizona State Senate and as a Fiscal Analyst at the Joint Legislative Budget Committee.

McNeil earned his Master of Public Administration degree and a Bachelor of Science degree in economics from Arizona State University. McNeil is currently a Major in the U.S. Army Reserve.

In April 2003, Major McNeil was called to active duty in his capacity as an Army Reserve officer. He served as Provost Marshal of the 2nd ACR in Baghdad, Iraq. McNeil returned to the Commission in September 2003.

Commissioner Kris Mayes was born and raised in Prescott, Arizona. After graduating from Prescott High School and winning the prestigious Flinn scholarship, Mayes attended Arizona State University. While attending ASU, she served as editor in chief of the State Press, one of the nation's largest college newspapers and completed an internship with the Johannesburg Star in Johannesburg, South Africa. In addition, Mayes won the Truman Scholarship, the nation’s top scholarship for public service, was a national finalist for the Rhodes scholarship and graduated valedictorian from ASU with a degree in political science. Also in college, Commissioner Mayes’ love for politics was fostered when she interned in Washington D.C. for Congressman Bob Stump.

Mayes immediately went to work as a general assignment reporter for the Phoenix Gazette, and later as a political reporter for the Arizona Republic, covering the Arizona State Legislature. Mayes left her post at the Republic to attend graduate school at Columbia University in New York, where she earned a Master of Public Administration. While at Columbia, Kris wrote her thesis on electric deregulation.

Following graduate school, Mayes returned to the Arizona Republic, where she was assigned to cover the 2000 presidential campaigns of Sen. John McCain, former Vice President Dan Quayle, publisher Steve Forbes and then-Governor George W. Bush. During this time Mayes co-authored a book entitled “Spin Priests: Campaign Advisors and the 2000 Race for the White House”. After the presidential campaign, Mayes attended ASU College of Law and graduated magna cum laude.

Commissioner Mayes was appointed in October 2003 to fill a vacancy. She ran for and won the election to complete the vacancy term which expires in January 2006. She has devoted much of her time since the appointment to pipeline safety, renewable energy and natural gas issues.

Mayes considers reading about politics and jogging her chief hobbies, and spends a considerable amount of time in Prescott, visiting her mother Karen Mayes, who still resides in the Mile High city. Mayes has a sister, Kimberly, who is a child life specialist in California, and a brother, Kirk, who is an accountant in Boston, Massachusetts.
The Administration Division is composed of the elected Commissioners and their staffs, the Executive Director’s office and the administrative functions that provide the fiscal and administrative service necessary to support all divisions of the Corporation Commission. The division director oversees the administrative and fiscal functions and also serves as the Deputy Executive Director, performing the duties of the Executive Director during the incumbent’s temporary absences.

The Executive Director’s staff performs many administrative functions in conjunction with the Division. These include: preparing the open meeting agendas, keeping records of all proceedings of the Commission and coordinating civic activities and projects of benefit to the Commission.

Open Meetings & Other Proceedings

The Commission meets in several types of forums. In all instances, the Arizona Open Meeting Law, the Commission’s ex-parte rule on unauthorized communications, and the Arizona Administrative Procedures Act govern the activities of the Commission.

The Commission conducts formal hearings on contested matters such as rate requests, complaints and securities violations. Evidence is collected at hearings but no vote is taken. All decisions of the Commission are made in open meetings. Open meetings are conducted after the agenda of the meeting has been made available to the public. In some limited instances, such as legal matters and personnel matters, the Commission may meet in executive session. Hearings, open meetings and executive sessions, while administrative in nature, are very formal in process. Comments may be received from the public, interested parties and the staff of the Commission during Open Meetings. In addition, the Commission has staff meetings, run by the Commissioners, which are posted as Open Meetings. These meetings serve as a forum to exchange information and obtain administrative guidance and policy direction from the Commissioners. The Commission also conducts workshops in which issues are discussed. No votes are taken or decisions made at the workshops.

Legislative Activities

The Arizona Legislature enacts new laws every year that impact the Commission and the people it serves. Laws affecting regulated entities, consumers of regulated services and corporate Arizona must be monitored and, in some cases, implemented by the Commission.

Because of the Commission’s broad ranging authority, the Administration Division coordinates all of the Commission’s legislative activities in conjunction with each division.

Additionally, the Division interacts with the Office of the Governor and the Legislature on Commission funding issues, including the review of our biennial budget requests and any subsequent executive or legislative recommendations.

Civic Activities

Commission employees have often been recognized for their personal efforts and contributions to fulfill civic needs. During FY 2005-06, the Commissioners and employees together:

- Contributed $14,717 in individual donations and pledges to the State Employees Charitable Campaign, which supports United Way agencies, national health agencies, international service agencies and local unaffiliated agencies; almost one third of the staff participated in the campaign.

- Brightened the holiday season for 40 needy children by buying toys and
clothes through the Salvation Army’s annual Christmas Angel gift drive;
• Donated 34 pints of blood in specially arranged blood drives held at the Commission’s facilities;
• Donated several cases of canned food to help brighten the Christmas of needy families in the Valley;
• Fully supported and actively participated in environmental improvement activities such as the “Clean Air Force” (car pools, Don’t Drive One-in-Five Campaign and bus riding) and recycling of paper, newsprint, and aluminum cans.

The Commission continued to fund a “Tuition Assistance” program for its employees. The objectives of the program include: improve job capability, performance and morale; encourage personal growth and development; and provide a source of qualified personnel for advancement as vacancies occur.

---

Business Office

The Business Office is responsible for providing all accounting, payroll, purchasing and personnel support for the Commission as well as budget preparation. The Commission’s budget is developed and submitted by the Administration Division Director in coordination with the Executive Director and the directors of the divisions within the Commission. Fiscal information related to the budget and expenditures is included in Appendix A.

The Business Office is also the Commission’s main point of contact with other state agencies involving business activities such as purchasing, budgeting and processing revenue.

The Business Office receives funds from all Commission Divisions, but primarily from fees paid to the Corporations and Securities Divisions for corporate filings, securities dealer, salesperson or agent registrations. During FY 2005-06 the Business Office received and processed $56.5 million in revenue to the State Treasurer, of which $27.81 million (excludes miscellaneous service charges) was deposited in the state’s General Fund.

Penalties and fines for violations of the Securities Act or utility regulations are required to be deposited in the General Fund and do not remain within the control of the agency.

In addition to revenue deposits, the Business Office issued 609 purchase orders, 2,645 claims; received and entered into inventory 799 items; and serviced 349 employees through personnel actions and payroll transactions.

---

Fast Facts

The Commission deposited $56.5 million in revenue to the State Treasurer of which more than $27.81 million was deposited in the state’s General Fund. As a comparison, the Commission’s total funds expended for FY 2005-06 was $25.5 million of which $5.13 was from the General Fund.
The Legal Division represents the Commission in all matters relating to public utility regulation and in other areas not associated with the Securities Division. Securities-related legal cases are litigated by the Securities Division. Matters handled by the Legal Division fall into five general categories:

1) Commission dockets;
2) Federal regulatory dockets;
3) litigation;
4) other administrative matters; and
5) special projects.

Commission Dockets

Utility companies throughout the state apply to the Commission for approval before undertaking certain activities such as the provision of service to the public, the modification of service territory or the implementation of rate increases.

The Commission is also authorized to exercise continual review over the operations of public service corporations and to act when necessary to further the public interest. Legal Division representation in these matters is varied and includes representing the Utilities Division and advising the Commissioners on legal issues.

Federal Dockets

The Legal Division represents the Commission before various federal agencies in the following areas: electric, gas, nuclear energy, railroads, pipelines and telecommunications.

Key federal proceedings included:

- Continued implementation of the federal Telecommunications Act of 1996;
- Participation in federal dockets involving Voice over Internet Protocol (“VoIP”); and
- Participation in federal dockets involving consumer protection measures including new Truth-In-Billing.
- Gas pipeline proceedings before FERC.

In addition, during FY 2005-06 the Legal Division continued to represent the Commission in Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) dockets concerning the gas and electric industries to ensure that the public interest of Arizona is considered in these matters. The Division also represents the Commission in Federal Communication Commission (FCC) dockets.

Litigation

The Legal Division represents the Commission before a variety of courts and either has pending or has recently concluded cases before municipal and justice courts, county Superior Courts, the State Court of Appeals and the State Supreme Court, as well as before various federal district and appeals courts, including the United States Supreme Court.

As in previous years, the majority of cases filed or pending during FY 2005-06 involved Commission decisions related to restructuring of the telecommunications and electric industries.

The Division participated in continued civil litigation over interconnection agreements between Qwest, Citizens Communications and competitive telecommunications providers such as Covad and Autotel.

The Legal Division also has been called upon to represent the Commission in Bankruptcy Court in matters involving regulated utilities. The Division has devoted numerous hours to the bankruptcy matters involving the McLain water companies, a Cochise County water provider.

In 2004, the Commissioners approved the appointment of an interim manager after issuing an Order to Show Cause against
McLain after a litany of problems with service, water quality and reliability. The interim management will continue until the Commissioners approve a permanent change in ownership. In July 2005, Algonquin emerged as a willing buyer, pending bankruptcy court approval. This case continued into FY 2006-07.

The Division also represented the Commission in litigation involving the Corporations Division.

**Administrative Matters**

The Legal Division counsels the Corporation Commission in the legalities of miscellaneous matters such as the Open Meeting Law, guidelines and procedures, ex-parte communications, filing requirements and a variety of similar matters.

The Corporations Division has responsibility for the filing of Articles of Incorporations, Certificates of Disclosure, and Annual Reports which must be submitted to the Commission by every corporation doing business within the State of Arizona. The Legal Division advises the Corporation Division on these administrative matters.

**Special Projects**

The Legal Division participates in the adoption and revision of all rules for the Corporations Division and the Utilities Division, including the Pipeline and Railroad Safety Sections. It has also represented the Commission in litigation that has occurred following the rulemakings.

The Commission continues to be engaged in a series of proceedings related to the restructuring of the telecommunications industry. The Legal Division represents the Commission or its Staff in a variety of proceedings related to competition in the telecommunications markets.

The Division devoted extensive resources to evaluating the merits of a proposed merger between AT&T and SBC. After adding landmark consumer protections for customers choosing bundled services, the Commissioners approved the merger in November 2005. Another merger of giants involved the proposed merger between Verizon and MCI. The Commissioners approved that merger in December 2005.

Qwest filed a formal complaint against Cox Communications, a competitor, alleging violations of its interconnection agreement. The Division is closely involved in that case and its legal issues, including alleged damages.

The Division is also assisting the Utilities Division with a generic rulemaking and investigatory docket on Preferred Provider Agreements. Preferred Provider Agreements are typically entered into between a developer and a telecommunications provider and generally contain marketing preferences and other favorable arrangements exclusive to the telecommunications provider that is a party to the agreement.

Additionally, the Division is participating in an ongoing review of the Environmental Portfolio Standard originally established by order of the Commission in 2001. In February 2004, the Commissioners ordered the staff and interested parties to review the rules and study several possible changes to the rules, including requiring regulated utilities to obtain a larger portion of their energy from renewable resources. These efforts continued in FY 2005-06. In February 2006, the Commissioners approved a larger, more aggressive plan to adopt renewables and renamed it the Renewable Energy Standards and Tariff. The rules were forwarded to the Attorney General for review.

In March 2005, the Commissioners ruled on a rate case filed by APS in 2003. APS returned to the Commission with a new rate case in November 2005. After a downgrade
in its credit rating, APS filed a request for an emergency rate increase. The Division was involved in every facet of both cases. In January 2006, the Commissioners granted interim rate relief to APS. The full rate case and the Division’s involvement will continue into FY 2006-07.

Last fiscal year, Southwest Gas filed its first full rate case since 2001. The Division’s participation in that case continued throughout this fiscal year until it was resolved with a Commission decision in February 2006.

A number of other rate cases for smaller, regional utilities were scrutinized by the Division during FY 2005-06.

Under state statutes no utility may construct an electric power plant or transmission line without first obtaining a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility from the Power Plant and Line Siting Committee that then must be approved by the Commission. The Division was involved in the review of a 100-mile transmission line that received Commissioner approval in August 2005. An intervenor in that siting case has appealed the Commission’s decision.

In conjunction with its activities in the areas of electric competition and line and power plant siting, the Commission has been actively involved in proceedings at the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission related to the supply and interstate transmission of natural gas. Natural gas is a primary source of fuel for power plants. The Legal Division participates in cases where gas supply and transportation, as well as competing rights among states to receipt of shipped gas, are at issue.

The major cases before the Commission usually include an advisory staff assigned to act as a separate party in order to advise Commissioners and their staff without violating the ex parte communications rule. Thus, in each of the above instances, in addition to the need for legal staff as counsel for Utilities Division staff, additional Legal Division personnel are assigned to advise the Commissioners.

The Commission’s rules relating to transactions with unregulated affiliates have been in effect since FY 1992-93. The rules create an ongoing responsibility to consider and process applications and reports under the rules. The filings of applications and reports under the rules, all of which require scrutiny by Legal Division attorneys, can be expected to continue indefinitely.
The Utilities Division monitors the operations of approximately 862 companies providing utility service within the State of Arizona. Article XV of the Arizona Constitution defines “public service corporations” as “those furnishing gas, oil, or electricity for light, fuel or power; water for irrigation, fire protection, or other public purposes; or those transmitting messages or furnishing telegraph or telephone service.” The Commission’s regulatory responsibilities are established in the Arizona Constitution (Article XV) and the Arizona Revised Statutes (§40-201, et seq.), and further defined in the Arizona Administrative Code (Title 14, Chapter 2).

One of the Utilities Division’s major responsibilities is rate review and the determination of a reasonable return on fair value for public service corporations.

The Division reviews utility company financial records and recommends to the Commission appropriate revenue and rate requirements. With the exception of small public service corporations, these requests for rate changes must be determined in an evidentiary hearing. Regardless of the size of the public service corporation, all rate changes require approval of the Commission in an open meeting.

Staff preparation for a major rate hearing begins at the time of the utility’s initial filing, and takes approximately four to six months before the hearing takes place. Work efforts between the time of filing and a hearing include a review of documents on file with the Commission; an audit of the books and records of the utility; on-site inspections of plants and facilities; discussions with utility personnel and interested parties; formulation of the staff recommendation; and preparation of written testimony and schedules.

As a result of both the electric and telecommunications industries evolving from monopolies to competitive industries, the Utilities Division has the added responsibility of providing leadership and support in the development of competitive marketplaces. The Division works with the Commissioners and all affected stakeholders to develop equitable competitive markets that will benefit all consumers of electricity and telecommunications services.

Throughout FY 2005-06, the Division devoted significant resources to the following major efforts:

- Analysis of a rate case filed by APS in November 2005 and an emergency interim rate request filed in January 2006;
- Analysis and testimony in the Southwest Gas rate case;
- Review and preparation of recommendations on certain energy efficiency programs proposed by utilities;
- Review of mergers and acquisitions, including mega-mergers between Verizon and MCI as well as SBC and AT&T;
- Examination, open meetings and review of the facts surrounding unplanned outages at the Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station;
- Review and approval of new rules requiring utilities to derive an increased percentage of energy from renewable resources;
- Continued participation in bankruptcy proceedings involving the McLain water utilities in southern Arizona;
- Analysis and preparation of Staff’s testimony in other rate cases and Certificates of Convenience and Necessity;
- Analysis of data and preparation of a staff report in the Tucson Electric Power rate review proceeding;
- Participation in several transmission line siting cases, including the review of the...
Fast Facts
Regardless of the size of the utility, all rate changes require approval of the Commission. Decisions on these and other cases are rendered in a public, open meeting with opportunities for community members to offer comments to the Commissioners.

100-mile Pinal West to Southeast Valley transmission line;
•Investigation of Preferred Carrier Agreements in the telecommunications arena;
•Review of water company rate requests related to compliance with the new EPA standard for arsenic;
•Continued supervision of interim managers for several water companies; and
•Ongoing efforts to monitor service quality and reliability among regulated utilities.

The Utilities Division consists of eight sections through which the staff performs its responsibilities:
1) Financial & Regulatory Analysis;
2) Telecom & Energy;
3) Engineering;
4) Safety;
5) Consumer Services;
6) Compliance & Enforcement;
7) Information Technology; and
8) Administrative Services.

The Division oversees the following numbers of utilities:

Telecommunications companies ........ 435
  Local exchange carriers ...................... 68
  Other telecommunications .................. 367
Water utility companies .................. 303*
Sewer companies ............................ 40*
Water and Sewer ......................... 19*
Electric companies ..................... 25
Gas utilities ..................................... 6
Irrigation Companies ...................... 1

*The Commission oversees more than 400 individual water and sewer systems. Multiple systems can be operated by the same utility company.

Financial & Regulatory Analysis

The Section is primarily responsible for the preparation of testimony and staff reports for utility rate cases. These documents address accounting issues, reasonableness of expenses, costs of capital, overall revenue requirement, and, ultimately, staff’s rate recommendations to the Commissioners.

During FY 2005-06, the Section analyzed numerous applications, including rate related cases filed by APS, Qwest, Southwest Gas, Arizona Water Company and Southwest Transmission Cooperative as well as a number of water company rate cases.

The new EPA standard limiting the arsenic level in drinking water will result in significant costs to small water companies. The staff is continuing to review filings from water companies for arsenic-related compliance costs.

The section also provided analysis and recommendations regarding public utility mergers, debt and equity issuances, transfers of assets, purchased power and gas adjustor revisions, and applications for Certificates of Convenience and Necessity (CC&Ns).

Telecom & Energy Section

The Telecom and Energy Section analyzes economic and policy issues pertaining to the Commission’s regulation of investor-owned utilities and rural electric and gas cooperatives. The section also analyzes and implements telecommunications policies adopted by the Commission. The staff uses a variety of computer models, quantitative techniques and qualitative methods in its utility evaluations and research. Recommendations are presented to the Commissioners through staff reports, sworn testimony, memos and recommended orders.

The section is also responsible for analyzing and preparing Staff recom-
recommendations for the majority of electric tariff filings, special contracts, natural gas tariff filings, telecommunications tariff filings, proposed tariff revisions and competitive telecommunications interconnection agreements. The section also processes applications for CC&Ns for competitive telecommunications firms.

The Telecom and Energy Section regularly prepares analyses and recommendations on numerous tariffs and special contracts submitted by telecommunications, electric and natural gas utilities.

**Engineering Section**

The Engineering Section conducts technical reviews of all Commission-regulated utilities (except gas, which is done by the Pipeline Safety Group) to assure compliance with accepted service, safety, maintenance, performance and regulatory standards. This Section monitors and conducts on-site investigations of regulated water, wastewater (sewer), telecommunications and electric companies and one irrigation company. The staff also investigates accidents and incidents involving utilities that result in service outages, property damage and consumer inquiries.

The Engineering Section assists the Consumer Services Section with the technical aspects of complaints received from utility customers. The engineers accompany Consumer Services Section personnel on investigations of such complaints. Assistance is also provided to other sections in the processing of CC&N applications for all regulated utilities.

The Engineering Section assists the Financial & Regulatory Analysis Section in the processing of rate case applications, financing applications, changes to purchased power and fuel adjusters and other cases. Inspections are performed to determine whether a utility plant is “used and useful.” The Engineering Section staff also conducts cost of service studies for the utilities, including gas.

In the water/wastewater area, the engineers monitor the operation of over 400 individual water and sewer systems. These systems range in size from less than 10 connections to over several thousand connections. The engineering staff also assists in the processing of water main extension agreements.

The electrical engineers monitor the operation and maintenance of all generating and transmission resources within Arizona. This includes the nation’s largest nuclear plant, the Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station, located approximately 50 miles west of Phoenix. The Engineers also support Commission representatives who serve on the Arizona Power Plant and Transmission Line Siting Committee. Engineers assist in determining the environmental compatibility of newly-proposed generating stations and transmission lines.

The electrical engineers are responsible for preparing the Biennial Transmission Assessment Report and are responsible for enforcement of the Overhead Power Line Safety Law.

In the area of telecommunications, the Telecommunications Engineers review tariff filings, various telecommunications applications and evaluate the various facilities comprising the telecommunications network in Arizona. The Telecommunications Engineers also participate in the telecommunications dockets and are responsible for addressing service quality issues.

In addition, the Engineering Section maintains a computer-aided design (CAD) program for producing detailed utility service area maps for use by the Commission and the general public.
Safety Section

The Safety Section consists of two groups—Pipeline Safety and Railroad Safety. The Pipeline Safety Group enforces the Arizona Underground Facilities Law and oversees the construction, operation and maintenance of all intrastate and interstate natural gas, other gases, liquefied natural gas, and hazardous liquid pipeline facilities operating within the State of Arizona. The Railroad Safety Group oversees the operation and maintenance of all railroad operations, track maintenance and railroad/street grade crossings.

Pipeline Safety Group

The Pipeline Safety Group operates its main office in Phoenix and staffs offices in Tucson, Prescott and Flagstaff.

The Pipeline Safety Group enforces pipeline safety standards and operating practices applicable to the transportation of gas and hazardous liquids by pipeline and the operation of liquefied natural gas facilities. Inspections are conducted on all interstate gas transmission and interstate hazardous liquid pipeline facilities.

Inspections and operations audits are conducted on all intrastate natural gas transmission/distribution pipelines, intrastate hazardous liquid pipelines, intrastate liquefied natural gas facilities and master meter natural gas operations, such as apartments, mobile home parks, schools and other gas distribution systems at the point beyond the utility company meter. The Pipeline Safety Group also enforces the Arizona Underground Facilities Law, otherwise known as the “Blue Stake” Law.

As a result of these responsibilities, the Pipeline Safety Group monitors the activities of five interstate natural gas transmission pipelines, one interstate hazardous liquid pipeline, 20 major intrastate gas pipeline operations, two intrastate liquefied natural gas facilities, nine intrastate gas transmission pipelines, three intrastate hazardous liquid pipelines and 1,129 master meter natural gas operations.

Pipeline safety became a major issue in the hearts and minds of Arizonans with the July 30, 2003 with the rupture of an 8” Kinder Morgan pipeline that runs between Phoenix and Tucson. Under authority granted to it by an agreement with the U.S. Department of Transportation, the Pipeline Safety staff handles the initial investigation and provides its findings to the federal office. The federal office handles enforcement of any penalties or fines.

As a result of the cause of the rupture and concerns about the structural integrity of the rest of Kinder Morgan’s system, the Pipeline Safety Group participated in additional, detailed inspections of Kinder Morgan pipelines in FY 2005-06. The company also expanded the diameter of its pipeline during this fiscal, resulting in additional construction-related inspections.

Section Staff completed a right of way inspection and records review of the El Paso Pipeline network in Phoenix, Tucson, Ehrenberg, Flagstaff and the Deming West Complex and Mohave Pipeline. Transwestern, Questar and the North Baja Pipeline were also inspected during this fiscal year.

During FY 2005-06, the Pipeline Safety Group inspected 20 major intrastate natural gas distribution pipeline operators, 9 intrastate gas transmission pipeline operators, 3 intrastate hazardous liquid pipeline operators, 1 intrastate liquefied natural gas operators, 3 interstate gas transmission operators and one interstate hazardous liquid pipeline operator and conducted 15 construction inspections, 30 specialized inspections and 90 incident investigations. The Pipeline Safety Group conducted 749 comprehensive inspections, 162 specialized inspections, 410 follow-up inspections and 124 construction inspections of master meter natural gas distribution systems.
Also during FY 2005-06, the Pipeline Safety Group investigated 124 reported violations of the Underground Facilities Law, issued 79 notices of violations and collected $39,500 in fines.

Staff also received 864 notices of incidents from pipeline operators and pipeline operators shut off gas service to 58 master meter gas systems requiring repair.

During FY 2005-06, the Pipeline Safety Group provided 17 training workshops for 278 operators of master meter gas systems and assisted master meter operator personnel by making available to them pipe locating and leak detection equipment. Staff conducted 34 Blue Stake training classes for more than 1,684 attendees and also presented two specialized training classes for major pipeline operators.

The Pipeline Safety Group in conjunction with the U.S. Department of Transportation’s Transportation Safety Institute, presented one two-day seminar.

**Railroad Safety Group**

The Railroad Safety Group enforces the Federal Safety Standards for track, signal, motive power and equipment, railroad operating practices and the shipment of hazardous material by rail. The Railroad Safety Group is also responsible for inspection and review of industrial track, and rail-highway crossing construction projects. In addition to its main office in Phoenix, two Rail Safety Consultants are located in the Tucson office and one in Kingman. This staffing arrangement provides the Commission and the citizens of Arizona with quick response to any rail incident, as well as direct contact for more routine matters.

During FY 2005-06, the Group inspected 1,363 miles of track, 6,095 freight cars, 182 locomotives, 416 crossings and 18 industrial track facilities. It also made 2,746 inspections of manufacturers that ship and receive hazardous materials by rail. Additionally, 1,556 signal and train control devices were inspected. The group investigated 57 railroad accidents and 60 complaints received from other governmental agencies, railroad employees or the public.

The Commission administers the State’s share of monies dedicated to improving rail-highway crossing safety devices. Since the inception of this federal/state program in July 1977, about $43,360,155 in federal funds and $3,590,011 in state funds have been spent or encumbered to improve safety warning devices on public rail-highway crossings throughout the state.

Commission staff, in conjunction with the Federal Highway Administration and the Arizona Department of Transportation, conducts an annual review of certain public rail-highway crossings throughout the state and prepares a list of crossings to be considered for improvement using federal and state funds. From the list, the Commission publishes an array of about 30 of those crossings. The array is then submitted to the cities, towns, and/or counties to make applications for funding.

The Group is also very active in the National Operation Lifesaver Program, a public awareness program that promotes railroad crossing and trespasser safety. The Commission’s award-winning video, “Operation Lifesaver,” is widely used in the Arizona High School Driver Education and Driver Survival Programs as well as other driver safety programs around the country.

**Consumer Services Section**

The Consumer Services Section investigates and arbitrates complaints from the public regarding operation, billings, terminations and quality of service and facilities of public service corporations.
The Section engaged in the following activities during FY 2005-06:

**Fast Facts**

During the 2005-06 fiscal year, the Consumer Services Section conducted 21 field investigations, handled 19 arbitration/mediations and assisted consumers with more than 5,800 complaints and/or questions about their utility bills.

**Public Comment Meetings:** In an effort to provide consumers an opportunity to voice their concerns and opinions on proposed rate increases and the quality of service of the public utilities serving them, the Consumer Services Section conducts public comment meetings. When a public utility files an application for a rate increase, the Consumer Services Section assists in the review of the application for sufficiency. It also receives and responds to customer service problems and comments. If necessary, the Consumer Services Section organizes a public comment meeting prior to the rate hearing. These meetings have proven to be beneficial to the public utilities in establishing better communications between them and their customers.

**Arbitration:** When the public utility and the consumer are not able to agree on the resolution of the consumer’s complaint, a representative from the Utilities Division will conduct an independent arbitration to resolve the complaint. During FY 2005-06, the Consumer Services Section conducted 19 arbitration/mediations.

**Meter Testing:** The Consumer Services Section, tests water meters when the accuracy of the meter reading is questioned. During FY 2005-06, the Consumer Services Section tested 47 meters.

**Field Investigations:** On-site field investigations are sometimes needed in order to resolve a dispute. These investigations may entail an inspection of the physical plant of the public utility, a review of its books and records, and verbal interaction with the customer and the public utility. Consumer Services conducted 21 field investigations in FY 2005-06.

**Small Water Company Workshops:** These one-day workshops are held throughout the state. The objective is to provide information to water company owners and operators on a variety of topics, to share the Commission’s expertise and to answer any questions or concerns they might have regarding the regulated portion of their companies.

**Complaints & Inquiries:** The following table lists the total complaints and inquiries handled by the Consumer Services Section in FY 2005-06 by utility type and complaint or inquiry type:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Utility Type</th>
<th>Total Complaints/Inquiries</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Communication Companies</td>
<td>2,026</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sewer Companies</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Companies</td>
<td>1,718</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electric Companies</td>
<td>1,493</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas Companies</td>
<td>525</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>5,818</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Complaint/Inquiry</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Billing issues</td>
<td>1,752</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deposit issues</td>
<td>128</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New service issues</td>
<td>358</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service issues</td>
<td>244</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quality of service</td>
<td>1,203</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disconnect/termination</td>
<td>293</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repair issues</td>
<td>189</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rate case items</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rates/tariffs</td>
<td>192</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other issues</td>
<td>1,129</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Misc/Non-jurisdiction</td>
<td>286</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>5,818</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

These totals represent verbal, written and e-mail complaints or inquiries.

---

**Compliance & Enforcement Section**

The purpose of the section is to ensure that utilities comply with the provisions of the Arizona Revised Statutes, Commission rules and Commission orders.
The Compliance Section is responsible for tracking compliance relative to annual report filings, filings made pursuant to Commission rules and orders and administering the annual regulatory assessment.

During FY 2005-06, the Compliance Section reported the following compliance actions:

- 862 annual reports were mailed to utilities and monitored for filing.
- 644 compliance actions were entered into the compliance database for monitoring.
- 1,450 compliance filings were made by utilities in response to the requirements of Commission Decision or Rules.
- 130 utilities were required to remit an annual assessment, which was monitored for compliance. (Lower this fiscal as a result of minimum gross revenues being raised to $500,000.)
- 177 Non-compliance notices were sent to utilities that failed to comply with filing requirements.

Information Technology Section

The Information Technology (IT) Section became a stand-alone division of the Arizona Corporation Commission on July 1, 2003 when IT operations were consolidated across the Commission. Please see a separate section of this report for an update on IT Division activities.

Administrative Services Section

The Administrative Services Section provides general and complex administrative and clerical support to Director’s office and the following Sections: Financial & Regulatory Analysis; Telecom & Energy; Engineering, and Consumer Services. The Section provided support for the successful installation of new software, development of computer training and conversion of system databases.

Administrative support staff provide the following services: format and process open meeting items, staff reports, testimony and correspondence; maintain various databases; process, scan and link tariff files for posting on the web; process interconnection agreements; scan monthly decisions for Division use; provide research; distribute mail and internally generated documents; and provide general customer service.

In addition, the Section maintains a multimedia library used by Commission employees. The library contains legal, technical and reference publications; federal and state documents; telecommunications videotapes; computer programs and self-improvement courses. The library specializes in utility-related information.

Other items processed by the Administrative Services Section during FY 2005-06 include:

- Annual Reports................................. 862
- Central File items ............................ 1,376
- Staff Reports ................................. 195
- Tariffs Administratively Approved..... 458
- Testimony......................................... 68
The Corporations Division approves for filing all articles of incorporation for Arizona businesses; all articles of organization for limited liability companies (LLCs); grants authority to foreign corporations and LLCs to transact business in this state; propounds interrogatories, when necessary, to determine a company's lawful purpose; and may administratively dissolve corporations and LLCs that do not comply with specific provisions of Arizona law.

The Division collects from every corporation an annual report, which reflects its current status and business (nonprofit corporation reports also include a statement of financial condition); maintains this information in a format conducive to public access; responds to public questions concerning Arizona business and corporation law; and responds to the needs of the business sector by disseminating whatever information is mission critical to them in the most expedient and cost effective manner possible.

Any significant changes to Articles of Incorporation or Articles of Organization for LLCs in the form of amendments, mergers, consolidations, dissolutions or withdrawals are also filed with the Division. All filings are public record and available for inspection. Copies of documents may be secured for a nominal fee.

The Corporations Division has limited investigatory powers and no regulatory authority. However, an Arizona corporation may be administratively dissolved if certain statutory requirements are not met. Likewise, the authority of a foreign (non-Arizona) corporation to transact business in Arizona may be revoked.

The Corporations Division is comprised of five sections, with each Section designed to perform specific functions. The division also has a Tucson Office for service to the residents of Southern Arizona.

**Overview of Activity**

As of June 30, 2006, there were a total of 430,543 corporations and LLCs transacting business in the State of Arizona.

- **Total Active Corporations & LLCs**: 430,543
- **Annual Reports Mailed**: 146,720
- **Annual Reports Filed**: 133,295
- **Total Phone Calls Handled**: 230,827

*LLCs are not required to file an Annual Report and some are returned as undeliverable or rejected. Also, 21,763 were electronically filed using the new e-File option.

**Corporate Filings Section**

This was a record-breaking year in the Corporate Filings Section. The documents processed by the Section during FY 2005-06 were as follows:

- **Domestic Articles of Incorporation**: 14,282
- **Foreign Applications for Authority**: 3,474
- **Amendments w/LLC's**: 14,900
- **Domestic and foreign mergers**: 801
- **Domestic LLCs**: 51,572
- **Foreign applications for LLCs**: 3,740
- **Dissolutions/Withdrawals**: 3,148

In addition to filing documents, the section fielded more than 68,769 phone inquiries.

**Annual Reports Section**

The documents processed by the Annual Reports Section during FY 2005-06 were as follows:

- **Annual Reports filed**: 133,295
- **E-filed Annual Reports**: 21,763
- **Original Annual Reports mailed**: 146,720
- **Duplicate Annual Reports mailed**: 11,947
Total Reinstatements .......................... 1,981
Pending notices of administrative dissolution or revocation ........... 33,267
Notices of administrative dissolution or revocation mailed .............. 13,138

In addition to filing documents, the section fielded more than 32,147 phone inquiries.

Records Section

The Records Section processed 17,100 records orders by mail and over the counter during FY 2005-06.

In addition to filing documents, the section fielded more than 127,666 phone inquiries.

The Commission acts as an agent for Arizona corporations and LLCs whenever either entity does not maintain a statutory agent or when the agent cannot be located. In these instances, services of process directed to the Commission are accepted and processed by the Records Section.

Information Technology

The State of Arizona Public Access System (STARPAS) project was mandated in FY 1992-1993 by A.R.S. 10-129.01 and 10-1085.01. STARPAS provides on-line public access to corporate and LLC information on file with the Commission.

The initial STARPAS project was completed in FY 1994-1995. The STARPAS system is a direct access system connected to the real-time database maintained for the Division by the Commission’s IT Division, effective with the Division’s launch as a stand-alone Division in FY 2003-04. All information is up-to-the-minute and can be searched by business entity name or by officer, director or statutory agent. The STARPAS system is available free of charge through the Commission website. The IT staff is responsible for

the management and enhancement of the division’s ten-server system. Programming is done in-house. The IT staff provides ad hoc reports to the public in response to specific requests.

During FY 2004-05, the Corporations Division enhanced STARPAS by adding the ability for for-profit corporations to file Annual Reports electronically. Dubbed e-File, the feature has been a resounding success. More enhancements are planned in the future, including on-line name reservations and certificates of good standing.

IPS Section

This section opens and sorts all division mail and is the initial point of the process for all Annual Report related documents. With regard to annual reports, this section identifies the year and type of filing, processes the filing fee, bar codes and stamps the document, and transmits information into a computerized tracking system. The IPS scans the documents into the Division’s imaging system for subsequent review by examiners in the Annual Reports section. The IPS section is also responsible for transmitting corporate and LLC information into the STARPAS system and preparing documents to be microfilmed.

The following documents were processed by the Initial Processing Section during FY 2005-06:

Payments processed ...................... 225,060
Documents Scanned ....................... 282,463

The IPS system initially processes Annual Reports, corporate and statutory agent address changes and statutory agent changes and corporate filings.
The Securities Division reviews prospective offerings of securities to ascertain that full and fair disclosure is made to potential securities investors and that the terms of offerings are not inherently fraudulent.

Securities dealers, salespersons, investment advisers and investment adviser representatives are required to register with the Division prior to conducting business in Arizona.

The Division reviews these applications and monitors the conduct of investment advisers and investment adviser representatives, dealers and salespersons; investigates possible violations of the Securities Act and Investment Act; where the evidence warrants, brings administrative or civil or refers criminal actions; and conducts programs to educate investors to protect themselves.

The Division consists of three sections:
1) Registration and Compliance
2) Enforcement
3) Office of the General Counsel

Registration & Compliance Section
Registration and Compliance reviews applications for registration and exemption filings in connection with securities transactions under the Arizona Securities Act. This Section is also responsible for the administration of the registration and licensing provisions of the Securities Act and the Investment Management Act pertaining to dealers, salesmen, investment advisers and investment adviser representatives. Staff conducts on-site examinations of dealers and investment advisers to ensure compliance with these Acts.

The Corporation Commission is authorized to deny, suspend, or revoke a registration or license, to assess fines and to order restitution.

During FY 2005-06 the Section processed 2,212 dealer and 141,019 salesman registrations.

In addition, 335 investment advisers and 2,982 investment adviser representatives were licensed and 1,619 investment advisers filed notices.

The Section conducted 74 field examinations of dealers and investment advisers.

The Section processed 20,003 applications for securities registration, 1,833 filings for various exemptions from registration and 2,897 name change requests during FY 2005-06.

Enforcement Section
The Securities Division maintains an active enforcement program in order to protect the integrity of the marketplace and to preserve the investment capital formation process by investigating possible violations of the Securities Act and the Investment Management Act. During FY 2005-06, the Division initiated 24 investigations and had a total of 60 cases under investigation at year-end.

The Corporation Commission is authorized to enter cease and desist orders, to assess fines and to order restitution. The Commission may also apply to the Superior Court of Maricopa County for an injunction and the appointment of a conservator or receiver. It may also transmit evidence to the Attorney General, County and United States Attorneys, who may file criminal cases.

The Securities Division makes a substantial commitment to its cases once litigation is commenced. Division attorneys litigate administrative and civil cases, assisted by special investigators, legal assistants, and certified public accountants. Because of their familiarity with the facts in a case they have investigated, Enforcement staff may also assist in criminal prosecutions of cases they refer for prosecution.
During FY 2005-06, the Division filed 13 administrative proceedings involving 32 respondents, two civil actions involving six defendants, and assisted state and federal law enforcement agencies in obtaining 14 indictments.

During the same period, the Corporation Commission issued 24 Cease and Desist Orders against 62 Respondents based on Division actions. The Commission also ordered 23 Respondents to pay $14,972,312 in restitution or rescission and 30 Respondents to pay $1,927,397 in penalties. There were six revocations or suspensions of licenses or registrations.

Civil matters filed by the Division resulted in orders requiring $21,247,035 in restitution be paid and $424,249 in penalties. Criminal prosecutions assisted by Division staff resulted in 12 guilty pleas during this fiscal year with defendants being ordered to pay $23,609,935 in restitution.

These actions resulted in money being paid into Arizona’s General Fund. Penalties or payments arising from securities law violations are directed by law to the Arizona General Fund and do not remain with the Corporation Commission. The Commission’s funding is appropriated through the normal state budget process.

**Office of General Counsel**

The office of general counsel provides legal advice to the Securities Division and assistance to the business and financial communities and securities practitioners. Its responsibilities include administrative rulemaking; drafting and monitoring legislation relevant to the Securities Division; administering the no-action (interpretive) letter program, and the in-house legal training program, and the duty officer program (response to public inquiries); and supervising and mentoring legal externs.

In FY 2005-06, the general counsel office considered and responded to one public request for no-action letters. The office finalized two rulemakings, which provide an exemption from securities registration for offers made prior to registration effectiveness and regulate investment advisers who have custody or control of client securities or money.

Division duty officers responded to approximately 2,229 inquiries from the public regarding the substance of the Securities and Investment Management Acts.

**Investor Education**

The Securities Division’s investor education program includes a year-round speakers bureau making presentations to civic and consumer groups.

In addition to group presentations, the Securities Division distributes investor educational materials in English and Spanish through its web site, radio and television programs, press releases and newspaper articles, and printed materials available at libraries and in the public areas of various consumer groups. Through these efforts, the Securities Division strives to equip Arizonans to make informed investment decisions and to prevent themselves from falling prey to investment scams.

The Securities Division believes an informed, educated investor is the first line of defense against investment fraud.

The Division is continuing to pursue an aggressive investor education outreach program. During FY 2005-06, the Division conducted 55 public education programs. These efforts will continue into FY 2006-07 with events, radio advertising, mailings and more in-depth information added to the Commission’s special investor education website: www.azinvestor.gov.

The website was launched in FY 2004-05 and features frequently asked questions on a variety of topics, helpful brochures,
Fast Facts

The Division launched a new consumer-focused website featuring general and targeted educational material for investors of all knowledge levels. View the site at www.azinvestor.gov.

During FY 2005-06, for the eighth consecutive year, the Securities Division participated in “Financial Literacy 2010” – a campaign targeting high school personal finance teachers across America. The Financial Literacy program is designed to improve the financial skills of secondary school students by equipping personal finance teachers with better teaching tools.

The Securities Division also provided speakers for the annual Arizona Council on Economic Education Stock Market Game. This program enables students from grade school to high school to become acquainted with important concepts such as due diligence and the relationship between risk and reward. The students learn how capital markets function by simulating purchases and sales of securities and are able to track their “portfolios” following their investments in the Wall Street Journal.

The Securities Division continually works to develop partnerships with which to further educational efforts, including the Maricopa Elder Abuse Prevention Alliance, Elder Fraud Prevention Task Force and the JumpStart Coalition.
The Hearing Division exercises the Commission’s authority to hold public hearings and arbitrations on matters involving the regulation of public service corporations, the sale of securities and the registration of non-municipal corporations. Under the direction of the presiding Administrative Law Judge, proceedings are conducted on a formal basis through the taking of sworn testimony, the cross-examination of witnesses, the admission of documentary and other physical evidence, and the submission of oral arguments or post-hearing briefs.

Evidentiary and procedural rulings are made by the presiding Administrative Law Judge from the bench. Rate and Certificate of Convenience and Necessity (“CC&N”) applications are processed under the procedural schedule established by the Administrative Law Judges, in order to ensure that proposed Opinion and Orders are issued in a timely manner within the framework of the Commission’s “time-clock” rules.

During FY 2005-06, the seven Administrative Law Judges in the Division conducted 212 public hearings/arbitrations, encompassing a total of 232 days.

Based upon the record evidence presented at public hearings, or filings made in non-hearing matters, the presiding Administrative Law Judge prepares a recommended order, which sets forth the pertinent facts, discusses applicable law, and proposes a resolution of the case for the Commissioners’ consideration. The Commission regularly holds Open Meetings to deliberate and vote upon the recommended orders.

During FY 2005-06, the Hearing Division prepared a total of 195 recommended orders, 128 for cases involving a hearing and 67 for non-hearing matters, mainly rate applications for small water companies, CC&N applications and extensions of CC&Ns.

While cases are pending before the Commission, the presiding Administrative Law Judge may issue procedural orders to govern the preparation and conduct of the proceedings, including: discovery, intervention, the hearing date, filing dates, public notice, and motions. During FY 2005-06, the Hearing Division issued 513 such orders.

During FY 2005-06, docketed cases resolved including Chaparral City Water Company’s rate case; a Southwest Gas rate case; APS bill estimation and meter investigation/complaint; modifications to Qwest’s price cap plan; an Arizona Water rate case; Trico Electric Cooperative’s rate case; Arizona Electric Power Cooperative’s rate case; and Southwest Transmission Cooperative’s rate case.

During FY 2005-06, significant time was invested in hearings and procedural orders related to the following cases: Procedural orders in the APS full rate case; hearings on the emergency interim rate increase filed by APS; TEP’s Motion to Reopen Decision No. 62103, (1999 Settlement Agreement focusing on stranded costs, rate moratorium and unbundled rates); review of energy efficiency programs for APS and other utilities; the Renewable Energy Standards and Tariff, and Coronoado Utilities’ application for a CC&N and rates.

During FY 2005-06, the Hearing Division, together with the IT Division, finalized development and implemented an electronic docket database – E-Docket – to view docketed images and manage data related to the Commission’s Utilities and Securities dockets. E-Docket launched in September 2005. Additional refinements are underway, including the scanning of final decisions from prior years.

An integrated calendar viewing option is also under development. This will allow internal and external users to view the
Commission’s calendar for a variety of proceedings.

As to FY 2006-07, the Hearing Division anticipates a heavy hearing workload related to the APS rate case filed in November 2005; APS’ application for a PSA surcharge; water company rate cases, the Qwest Price Cap Plan review; rulemaking and generic dockets; as well as other significant telecommunications and water company rate and financing cases related to compliance with the new federal maximum arsenic levels.

The following public hearings were held during FY 2005-06:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Hearing</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pre-Hearing Conferences</td>
<td>87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orders to Show Cause and Complaints</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certificates of Convenience and Necessity</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rate Cases</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Securities Division</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous (oral arguments, motions to compel, etc.)</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC&amp;N Extensions</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers/Sales</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Railroad/Pipeline Safety Group</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Comments</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rules (new and amended)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arbitration</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Generic Investigations</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deletions</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tariff</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Line Extensions/Agreements</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financing</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjudications</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Line Siting</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>419</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Docket Control Center

In FY 1980-81, the Commission requested and obtained legislative approval to establish a docket control center to ensure the integrity and security of official Commission records.

The Docket Control Center maintains the official records for the Utilities, and Securities Divisions of the Corporation Commission. In this regard, Docket Control’s functions are similar to a Clerk of the Court’s office. The Docket Control Center also assists the public and staff in retrieving the files and transcripts of cases for use in research.

During FY 2005-06, the Docket Control Center processed the following documents:

Responses to Inquiries/Research/Assistance.............12,500
Filings docketed & distributed........................11,367
Opinion and Orders/Administrative Closures processed and mailed.........1,079
New applications input.................................1,254
Open Meeting items processed........................1,159
Certifications.................................70
Transcripts logged & microfilmed
Utilities.............................................373
Securities........................................4
Corporations..............................N/A
On July 1, 2003 the Information Technology Division, referred to as the IT Division, began to serve the entire Arizona Corporation Commission. Prior to its formation, the Securities Division, Corporations Division, Utilities Division and Administration Division had their own IT departments with the specialists from the Administration Division assisting Hearing and Legal as necessary. Commission leadership recognized that there were ways to improve the use of staff and resources so the IT Division was formed.

The staff is organized into three specialty areas:

- Systems -- Representing the personnel who focus on network hardware and integration.
- Support -- Help Desk staff who troubleshoot, train and respond to requests for help from agency-wide staff.
- Development -- Specialists in software and computer programming who develop, maintain and enhance the various systems used by the staff and the general public.

One of the Commission’s goals is to facilitate access to case information by the public. In FY 2003-04, the IT Division started planning and implementing a system to process docketed items electronically so that an intelligent, web-accessible interface could be built allowing the public to search for information on cases in front of the Commission. Scanning with optical character recognition software, bar-coding and database development were key steps toward achieving this plan. Significant staff hours were devoted to programming, development and testing of the system during this fiscal year. By the end of FY 2004-05, the e-Docket system was ready for internal testing and a “soft launch.” The e-Docket system was launched in September 2005.

The Commission’s domain name was shortened to www.azcc.gov in June 2005 in preparation for a number of web based enhancements.

Significant achievements during the 2005-06 fiscal year include:

- September 2005 -- E-Docket Debuts Free on-line access to all docketed information relating to ACC cases.
- December 2005 -- Multiple enhancements to Corporations Division e-commerce applications:
  - Online Name Reservation is enabled. Allows companies to check for or reserve a company name while preparing their official paperwork.
  - Certificates of Good Standing can be ordered or printed from website.
  - Companies can file for expedited processing of annual reports.
- June 2006 -- Wireless Internet Access added for key portions of ACC facilities.
- August 2006 -- Live streaming audio access added for staff meetings and conference rooms.

The IT Division continues in its efforts to modernize the STARPAS system (public access system for corporation and LLC filings) to make it more user-friendly and is continuing work on developing a modern graphical user interface for STARPAS.

Finally, the IT Division is researching and planning for a comprehensive case management system with options and interfaces to better assist Commissioners and staff in workflow management.
Fiscal Resources: Through the budget process, the Arizona Corporation Commission identifies fiscal resource requirements to meet its constitutional and statutory responsibilities. The Commission receives funding through several sources: the State General Fund, the Utility Regulation Revolving Funds, the Arts Trust Fund, the Investment Management Act Fund, the Public Access Fund and Federal grants. All sources except federal grants are subject to legislative appropriation. The Administration, Corporations and Hearing Divisions, as well as the Railroad Safety Section, are funded mainly by the General Fund. In addition to the General Fund, the Administration Division receives limited funding from the Utilities Regulation Revolving Fund. The Corporations Division is the recipient of funding from the Arts Trust Fund and Public Access Fund. In addition to General Fund monies, the Securities Division receives a portion of the fees it collects through the Securities Regulatory and Enforcement Fund and the Investment Management Act Fund. The Utilities Division, excluding Railroad Safety, and the Legal Division are funded through the Utility Regulation Revolving Fund, which derives its money from assessments on public service corporations. The federal grants are obtained as a reimbursement to the Pipeline Safety Section for fulfilling certain federal responsibilities.

Historically, the Commission has generated significantly more revenue from securities and broker registrations, corporation filing fees, fines and miscellaneous service charges than its General Fund requirements. Any revenue that exceeds the Commission’s budget needs flows into the State General Fund and is used to defray the costs of state government.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Corporation Filing Fees*</td>
<td>9,679,745</td>
<td>10,737,061</td>
<td>10,606,840</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Security and Broker Fees*</td>
<td>13,965,659</td>
<td>14,855,647</td>
<td>15,945,288</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous Service Charges**</td>
<td>136,900</td>
<td>49,579</td>
<td>63,952</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fines &amp; Forfeitures*</td>
<td>1,257,814</td>
<td>2,271,452</td>
<td>1,832,390</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utility Assessments</td>
<td>11,100,859</td>
<td>12,787,893</td>
<td>10,285,470</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sec Regulatory &amp; Enforcement Fund</td>
<td>3,041,978</td>
<td>3,202,725</td>
<td>3,409,905</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sec Investment Management Act Fund</td>
<td>1,603,165</td>
<td>1,734,992</td>
<td>1,902,898</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Access Fund</td>
<td>4,205,879</td>
<td>4,312,866</td>
<td>4,396,492</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal Grant***</td>
<td>658,400</td>
<td>602,542</td>
<td>719,246</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>45,650,398</td>
<td>50,554,757</td>
<td>49,162,481</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Deposited in the State General Fund
** Deposited in the State General Fund & Utility Regulation Revolving Fund
*** Federal Grant revenue reflects amounts reimbursed to the Utility Regulation Revolving Fund and to the Pipeline Safety section’s Federal Fund. Reimbursement from the Federal Government is based on calendar year, rather than the state’s fiscal year, which results in fiscal year timing differences between expenditures and reimbursement revenue receipts.
### Table 2
Expenditures by Budget Program

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Budget Program</th>
<th>2004-05</th>
<th>2005-06</th>
<th>2006-07</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Administration &amp; Hearing Divisions</td>
<td>3,645,037</td>
<td>3,808,200</td>
<td>4,065,750</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corporations Division</td>
<td>3,507,675</td>
<td>4,399,600</td>
<td>4,678,938</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Securities Division</td>
<td>4,111,105</td>
<td>4,248,400</td>
<td>4,606,940</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Railroad Safety Section</td>
<td>461,891</td>
<td>550,300</td>
<td>581,184</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pipeline Safety Section</td>
<td>1,304,518</td>
<td>1,325,900</td>
<td>1,414,404</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utilities Division</td>
<td>5,680,420</td>
<td>5,843,500</td>
<td>6,101,906</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal Division</td>
<td>1,593,141</td>
<td>1,627,700</td>
<td>1,706,702</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Information Technology</td>
<td>2,128,367</td>
<td>2,474,300</td>
<td>2,757,657</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>22,432,154</strong></td>
<td><strong>24,277,900</strong></td>
<td><strong>25,913,481</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 3
Expenditures by Fund Source

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund Source</th>
<th>2004-05</th>
<th>2005-06</th>
<th>2006-07</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund</td>
<td>4,945,370</td>
<td>5,210,400</td>
<td>5,474,077</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arts Trust Fund</td>
<td>40,683</td>
<td>44,000</td>
<td>46,131</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sec. Regulatory &amp; Enforcement Fund</td>
<td>3,158,083</td>
<td>3,118,300</td>
<td>3,454,839</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sec. Investment Management Act Fund</td>
<td>793,088</td>
<td>829,000</td>
<td>887,526</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utility Regulation Revolving Fund</td>
<td>11,181,115</td>
<td>11,816,800</td>
<td>12,515,632</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Access Fund</td>
<td>2,063,931</td>
<td>3,055,900</td>
<td>3,336,690</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pipeline Safety Revolving Fund</td>
<td>59,341</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal Funds**</td>
<td>190,543</td>
<td>203,500</td>
<td>198,586</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>22,432,154</strong></td>
<td><strong>24,277,900</strong></td>
<td><strong>25,913,481</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Totals reflected are actual expenditures from the Pipeline Safety Section’s Federal Fund only.**
Table 4

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Corporation Commissioners Since Statehood</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.W. Cole Democrat 1912-1917</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W. P. Geary Democrat 1912-1915</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F. A. Jones Democrat 1912-1919</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amos A. Betts Democrat 1917-1933 1938-1945</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>David F. Johnson Democrat 1919-1924</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loren Vaughn Democrat 1921-1932</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W. D. Claypool Democrat 1925-1930</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charles R. Howe Democrat 1931-1936</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wilson T. Wright Democrat 1933-1953</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Cummand Democrat 1933-1934</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W. M. Cox Democrat 1935-1940</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>William Peterson Democrat 1941-1946</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>William Eden Democrat 1944-1947</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>William T. Brooks Democrat 1947-1958</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yale McFate Democrat 1947-1948</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mit Simms Democrat 1949-1958</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timothy D. Parkman Republican 1954</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John H. Barry Democrat 1955-1956</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>George F. Senner, Jr. Democrat 1959-1962</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A. P. “Jack” Buzard Democrat 1959-1962</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John P. Clark Republican 1963-1964</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milton J. Husky Democrat 1965-1970</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dick Herbert Democrat 1965-1971</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charles Garland Republican 1969-1974</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Russell Williams Republican 1970-1974</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Al Faron Republican 1970-1976</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ernest Garfield Republican 1973-1978</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bud Tims Republican 1975-1983</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jim Weeks Democrat 1977-1982</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stanley Akers Republican 1979-1980</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diane McCarthy Republican 1981-1984</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richard Kimball Democrat 1983-1985</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Junius Hoffman Democrat 1984</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marianne Jennings Republican 1984</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sharon Megdal Democrat 1985-1986</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Renz Jennings Democrat 1985-1999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marcia Weeks Democrat 1985-1996</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dale Morgan Republican 1987-1995</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carl J. Kunasek Republican 1995-2001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jim Irvin Republican 1997-2003</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tony West Republican 1999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>William “Bill” Mundell Republican 1999-present</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marc Spitzer Republican 2001-present</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mike Gleason Republican 2003-present</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jeff Hatch-Miller Republican 2003-present</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kristin Mayes Republican 2003-present</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
As noted in several areas of this Annual Report, the Corporation Commission maintains a southern Arizona office in Tucson at 400 West Congress Street. This office provides many of the same services as the offices in Phoenix. Sections of the Corporations and Utilities Divisions as well as a Hearing Officer from the Hearing Division are located in Tucson.

Tucson Personnel assigned to the Utilities Division provided Consumer Services staffing, prepared staff input to rate cases, conducted railroad safety training and inspections as well as fulfilled pipeline safety requirements. The Hearing Officer in Tucson conducts hearings on matters of interest to residents located in Southern Arizona. In addition to holding hearings in Tucson, the Hearing Officer often travels to and conducts hearings in the Southern Arizona communities affected by the proceeding.

Not only does availability of the Tucson Office provide a convenience to southern Arizona residents, it facilitates better statewide accomplishment of Corporation Commission responsibilities.
Arizona Corporation Commission
1200 West Washington
Phoenix, AZ  85007
602-542-3076
www.azcc.gov

Southern Arizona Office
400 West Congress Street
Tucson, AZ  85701
520-628-6554